

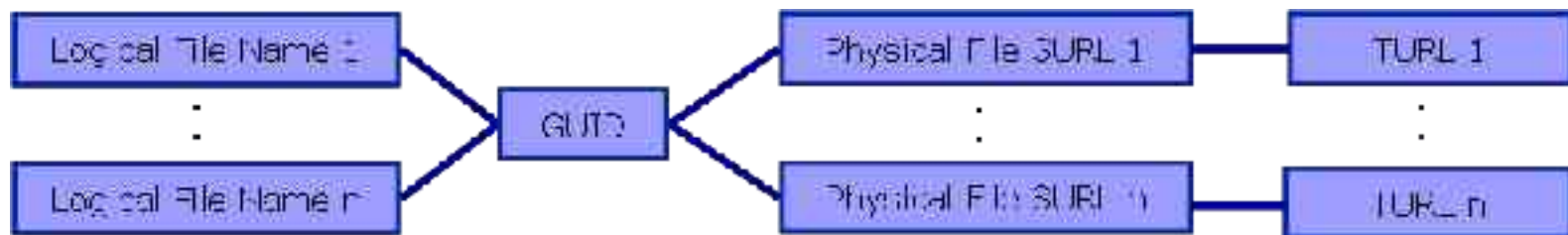
LFC: The LCG File Catalog

Tony Calanducci

*NA3: User Training and Induction. INFN CT
Retreat between GILDA and ESR VO on gLite
Bratislava, 27-30.06.2005*

- **User and programs produce and require data**
- **Data may be stored in Grid datasets (files)**
 - Located in Storage Elements (SEs)
 - Several replicas of one file in different sites
 - Accessible by Grid users and applications from “anywhere”
 - Locatable by the WMS (data requirements in JDL)
- **Also...**
 - Resource Broker can send (small amounts of) data to/from jobs: Input and Output Sandbox
 - Data may be copied from/to local filesystems (WNs, UIs) to the Grid

- **Logical File Name (LFN)**
 - An alias created by a user to refer to some item of data, e.g. “lfn:cms/20030203/run2/track1”
- **Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)**
 - A non-human-readable unique identifier for an item of data, e.g. “guid:f81d4fae-7dec-11d0-a765-00a0c91e6bf6”
- **Site URL (SURL) (or Physical File Name (PFN) or Site FN)**
 - The location of an actual piece of data on a storage system, e.g. “srm://pcrd24.cern.ch/flatfiles/cms/output10_1” (SRM)
“sfn://lxshare0209.cern.ch/data/alice/ntuples.dat” (Classic SE)
- **Transport URL (TURL)**
 - Temporary locator of a replica + access protocol: understood by a SE, e.g. “rfio://lxshare0209.cern.ch//data/alice/ntuples.dat”



- **File catalogs in LCG:**

- They keep track of the location of copies (replicas) of Grid files
- The DM tools and APIs and the WMS interact with them

- **EDG's Replica Location Service (RLS)**

- Catalogs in use in LCG-2
- Replica Metadata Catalog (**RMC**) + Local Replica Catalog (**LRC**)
- Some performance problems detected during Data Challenges

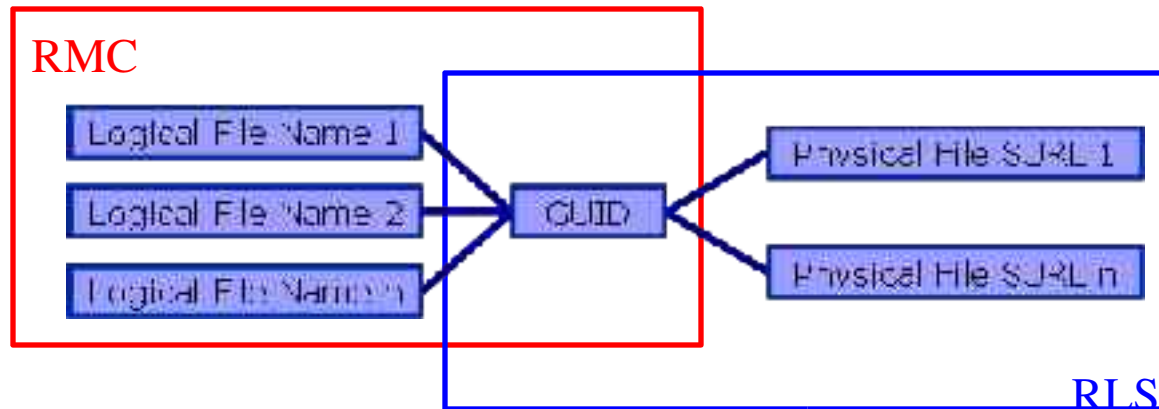
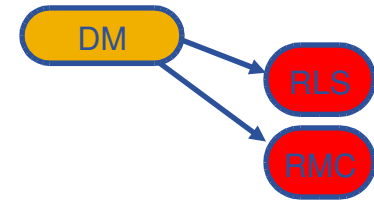
- **New LCG File Catalog (LFC)**

- In production in next LCG release; deployment in January 2005
- Coexistence with RLS; migration tools provided:

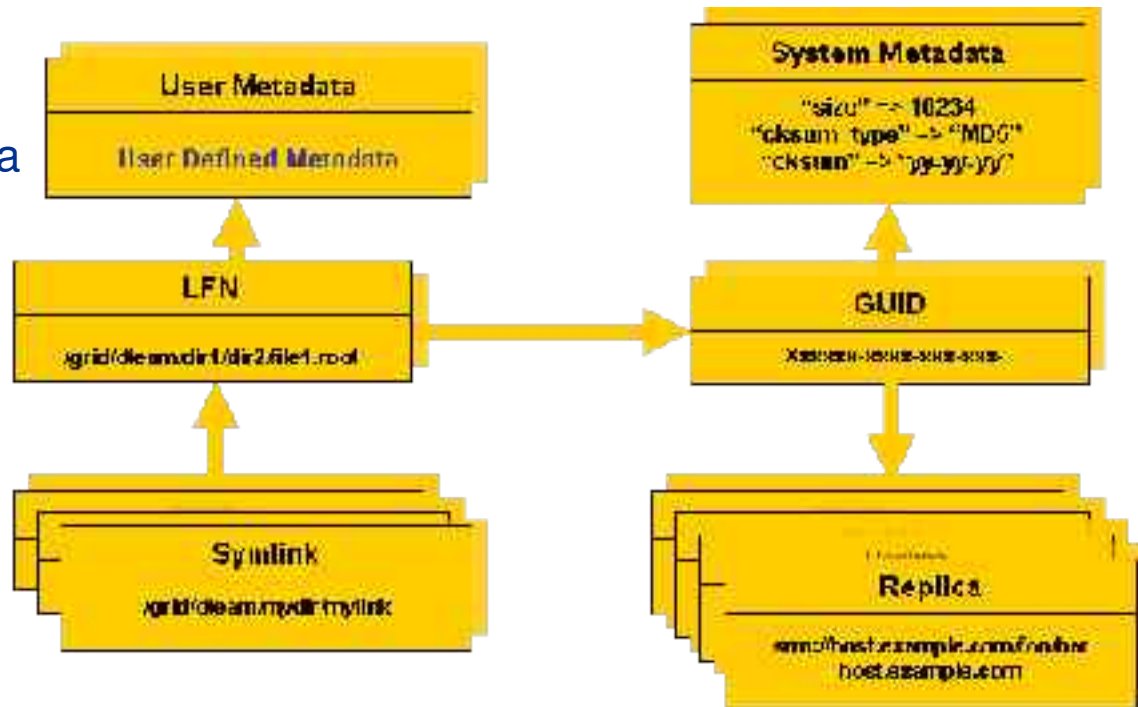
http://goc.grid.sinica.edu.tw/gocwiki/How_to_migrate_the_RLS_entries_into_the_LCG_File_Catalog_%28LFC%29

- Accessible by defining: \$LCG_CATALOG_TYPE=lfc and \$LFC_HOST
- Better performance and scalability
- Provides new features: security, hierarchical namespace, transactions...

- **RMC:**
 - Stores LFN-GUID mappings
 - Accessible by edg-rmc CLI + API
- **RLS:**
 - Stores GUID-SURL mappings
 - Accessible by edg-lrc CLI + API
- **Main weaknesses:**
 - Insecure (anyone can delete catalog entries)
 - Bad performance (java clients...)



- One single catalog
- LFN acts as main key in the database. It has:
 - Symbolic links to it (additional LFNs)
 - Unique Identifier (GUID)
 - System metadata
 - Information on replicas
 - One field of user metadata



- **Fixes EDG catalogs performance and scalability problems**
 - Cursors for large queries
 - Timeouts and retries from the client
- **Provides more features than the EDG Catalogs**
 - User exposed transaction API (+ auto rollback on failure)
 - Hierarchical namespace and namespace operations (for LFNs)
 - Integrated GSI Authentication + Authorization
 - ➔ Mapping with local UID/GID problem being solved (pool of accounts)
 - Access Control Lists (Unix Permissions and POSIX ACLs)
 - Checksums
- **New features will be added (requests welcome!)**
 - Integration with VOMS, Fireman
 - POOL Integration is in progress
 - Sessions
 - Bulk operations

- **Very simple installation (also included in YAIM):**
 - Install single RPM: in WN, UI, RB
 - Specify the host of the server (required for the moment!)
 - > *export LFC_HOST=<LFC_server_hostname>*
 - Test the client

- **Using lcg_utils and GFAL:**
 - Define the catalog to use:
 - \$LCG_CATALOG_TYPE=lfc*
 - Define the server hostname
 - The LFC server must be published in the BDII (*\$LCG_GFAL_INFOSYS*)
 - Or use environmental variable: *\$LFC_HOST=<LFC_server_hostname>*

- **Env variable: LFC_HOME**
 - Can be set to use relative LFNs
 - *LFC_HOME=/grid/gilda/myDir* → */grid/gilda/myDir/myFile* becomes *myFile*

- **Environment variables:**
 - `$LFC_HOST` not set and catalog not published in BDII
 - `lfc-ls... send2nsd: NS009 - fatal configuration error: Host unknown: ...`
 - `lcg-lr...` return nothing (or “No such file or directory”)
 - `$LCG_CATALOG_TYPE` wrongly or not set (default “edg”)
 - Files that appear and disappear
 - `lcg-lr...` return nothing (or “No such file or directory”)
 - Unsupported VOs
 - `lcg-lr...` return “Invalid argument” (and “LRC, RMC endpoint not found”)

- **Other configuration errors**
 - VO directory not defined by root in the LFC hierarchy
 - Unsupported VOs
 - `lcg-lr...` return “Invalid argument” (and “LRC, RMC endpoint not found”)

- **Attention!**
 - `lcg_utils` do not create directories automatically (feature)
 - explicit use of `lfc-mkdir` required (as user)
 - `$LFC_HOST` must be set

- **LFC client commands**
 - Provide administrative functionality
 - Unix-like
 - LFNs seen as a Unix filesystem (/grid/<VO>/ ...)
- **LFC C API**
 - Alternative way to administer the catalog
 - Python wrapper provided
- **Integration with GFAL and lcg_util APIs complete**
 - lcg-utils access the catalog in a transparent way
- **Integration with the WMS completed**
 - The RB can locate Grid files: allows for data based match-making
 - Not yet tested in production

- **lcg_utils: lcg-* commands + lcg_* API calls**
 - Provide (all) the functionality needed by the LCG user
 - Transparent interaction with file catalogs and storage interfaces when needed
 - Abstraction from technology of specific implementations
- **Grid File Access Library (GFAL): API**
 - Adds file I/O and explicit catalog interaction functionality
 - Still provides the abstraction and transparency of lcg_utils
- **edg-gridftp tools: CLI**
 - Complete the lcg_utils with low level GridFTP operations
 - Functionality available as API in GFAL
 - May be generalized as lcg-* commands

- **All-purpose CLIs and APIs for EDG and LCG**
- **File & replica management**
 - edg-rm
- **Catalog interaction (only for RLS catalogs)**
 - edg-lrc
 - edg-rmc
- **Use discouraged**
 - Worst performance (slower) than lcg_utils
 - New features added only to lcg_utils
 - Currently they are just a wrapper on GFAL anyway
 - The catalog commands do not interact with LFC

Replica Management

| | |
|----------------|---|
| lcg-cp | Copies a grid file to a local destination |
| lcg-cr | Copies a file to a SE and registers the file in the catalog |
| lcg-del | Delete one file |
| lcg-rep | Replication between SEs and registration of the replica |
| lcg-gt | Gets the TURL for a given SURL and transfer protocol |
| lcg-sd | Sets file status to “Done” for a given SURL in a SRM request |

File Catalog Interaction

| | |
|---------------|---|
| lcg-aa | Add an alias in LFC for a given GUID |
| lcg-ra | Remove an alias in LFC for a given GUID |
| lcg-rf | Registers in LFC a file placed in a SE |
| lcg-uf | Unregisters in LFC a file placed in a SE |
| lcg-la | Lists the alias for a given SURL, GUID or LFN |
| lcg-lg | Get the GUID for a given LFN or SURL |
| lcg-lr | Lists the replicas for a given GUID, SURL or LFN |

Low level methods (many POSIX-like):

| | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| lfc_access | lfc_deleteclass | lfc_listreplica | lfc_setacl |
| lfc_aborttrans | lfc_delreplica | lfc_lstat | lfc_setatime |
| lfc_addreplica | lfc_endtrans | lfc_mkdir | lfc_setcomment |
| lfc_apiinit | lfc_enterclass | lfc_modifyclass | lfc_seterrbuf |
| lfc_chclass | lfc_errmsg | lfc_opendir | lfc_setsize |
| lfc_chdir | lfc_getacl | lfc_queryclass | lfc_starttrans |
| lfc_chmod | lfc_getcomment | lfc_readdir | lfc_stat |
| lfc_chown | lfc_getcwd | lfc_readlink | lfc_symlink |
| lfc_closedir | lfc_getpath | lfc_rename | lfc_umask |
| lfc_creat | lfc_lchown | lfc_rewind | lfc_undelete |
| lfc_delcomment | lfc_listclass | lfc_rmdir | lfc_unlink |
| lfc_delete | lfc_listlinks | lfc_selectsrvr | lfc_utime |
| | | | send2lfc |

Summary of the LFC Catalog commands

| | |
|-----------------------|--|
| lfc-chmod | Change access mode of the LFC file/directory |
| lfc-chown | Change owner and group of the LFC file-directory |
| lfc-delcomment | Delete the comment associated with the file/directory |
| lfc-getacl | Get file/directory access control lists |
| lfc-ln | Make a symbolic link to a file/directory |
| lfc-ls | List file/directory entries in a directory |
| lfc-mkdir | Create a directory |
| lfc-rename | Rename a file/directory |
| lfc-rm | Remove a file/directory |
| lfc-setacl | Set file/directory access control lists |
| lfc-setcomment | Add/replace a comment |

Listing the entries of a LFC directory

lfc-ls [-cdiLIRTu] [--class] [--comment] [--deleted] [--display_side] [--ds] path...

where *path* specifies the LFN pathname (mandatory)

- Remember that **LFC has a directory tree structure**
- */grid/<VO_name>/<you create it>*



- All members of a VO have read-write permissions under their directory
- You can set LFC_HOME to use relative paths

> *lfc-ls /grid/gilda/antonio*

> *export LFC_HOME=/grid/ailda*

> *lfc-ls -l antonio*

> *lfc-ls -l -R /grid*

-l : long listing

-R : list the contents of directories recursively: **Don't use it!**

Creating directories in the LFC

lfc-mkdir [-m mode] [-p] path...

- Where *path* specifies the LFC pathname
- Remember that while registering a new file (using `lfc-cr`, for example) the corresponding destination directory must be created in the catalog beforehand.
- Examples:
 - > ***lfc-mkdir /grid/gilda/antonio/demo***

You can just check the directory with:

> ***lfc-ls -l /grid/gilda/antonio***

drwxr-xrwx 0 19122 1077

0 Jun 14 11:36 demo

Let us copy and register a file using lcg-utils

```
> export LCG_CATALOG_TYPE=lfc
```

```
> lcg-infosites --vo gilda se
```

```
*****
These are the related data for gilda: (in terms of SE)
*****
```

| Avail Space(Kb) | Used Space(Kb) | Type | SEs |
|-----------------|----------------|------|---------------------------|
| ----- | | | |
| ... | | | |
| 28429708 | 2730072 | disk | testbed005.cnaf.infn.it |
| 70014168 | 4132600 | disk | gilda-se-01.pd.infn.it |
| 388209224 | 254568 | disk | grid-se.bio.dist.unige.it |

```
> lcg-cr --vo gilda -l demo/test -d gilda-se-01.pd.infn.it file:`pwd`/test
```

```
guid:0c3994b0-634f-4401-9434-e83a8e4bf14e
```

```
> lcg-lr --vo gilda lfn:demo/test
```

```
sfn://gilda-se-01.pd.infn.it/shared/gilda/generated/2005-06-14/file567eb5f3-17d5-4e0f-a1ca-a8caef3d4d08
```

```
> lfc-ls -l demo
```

```
-rwxrwxrwx 1 19122 1077 28 Jun 14 11:39 test
```

Creating a symbolic link

lfc-ln -s file linkname

lfc-ln -s directory linkname

Create a link to the specified *file* or *directory* with *linkname*

– *Examples:*

> *lfc-ln -s /grid/gilda/antonio/demo/test /grid/gilda/antonio/aLink*



Let's check the link using *lfc-ls* with long listing (-l):

> *lfc-ls -l*

```
lrwxrwxrwx 1 19122 1077 0 Jun 14 11:58 aLink -> /grid/gilda/antonio/demo/test  
drwxr-xrwx 1 19122 1077 0 Jun 14 11:39 demo
```

Adding/deleting metadata information

***lfc-setcomment** path comment*

***lfc-delcomment** path*

lfc-setcomment adds/replaces a *comment* associated with a file/directory in the LFC Catalog

lfc-delcomment deletes a comment previously added

- This is the only metadata (one field) supported by the catalog
- Examples:
 - > **lfc-setcomment demo/test “nice file”**
- Let’s see what happened:
 - > **lfc-ls --comment /grid/gilda/antonio/demo/test**
/grid/gilda/antonio/demo/test Nice file

- Information on the file catalogs
 - LFC, gfal, lcg-utils:
 - “Evolution of LCG-2 Data Management (J-P Baud, J. Casey)”
 - <http://indico.cern.ch/contributionDisplay.py?contribId=278&sessionId=7&confId=0>
 - LFC installation, administration, migration from RLS:
 - Wiki entries indicated through the presentation:
 - http://goc.grid.sinica.edu.tw/gocwiki/How_to_set_up_an_LFC_service
 - http://goc.grid.sinica.edu.tw/gocwiki/How_to_migrate_the_RLS_entries_into_the_LC
 - LFC contacts:
 - Jean-Philippe.Baud@cern.ch
 - Sophie.Lemaitre@cern.ch



Hope you enjoy this lecture.
Thank you for attending !